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Title: The Concept of Reliability and Trustworthiness.

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# **The Concept of Reliability and Trustworthiness**

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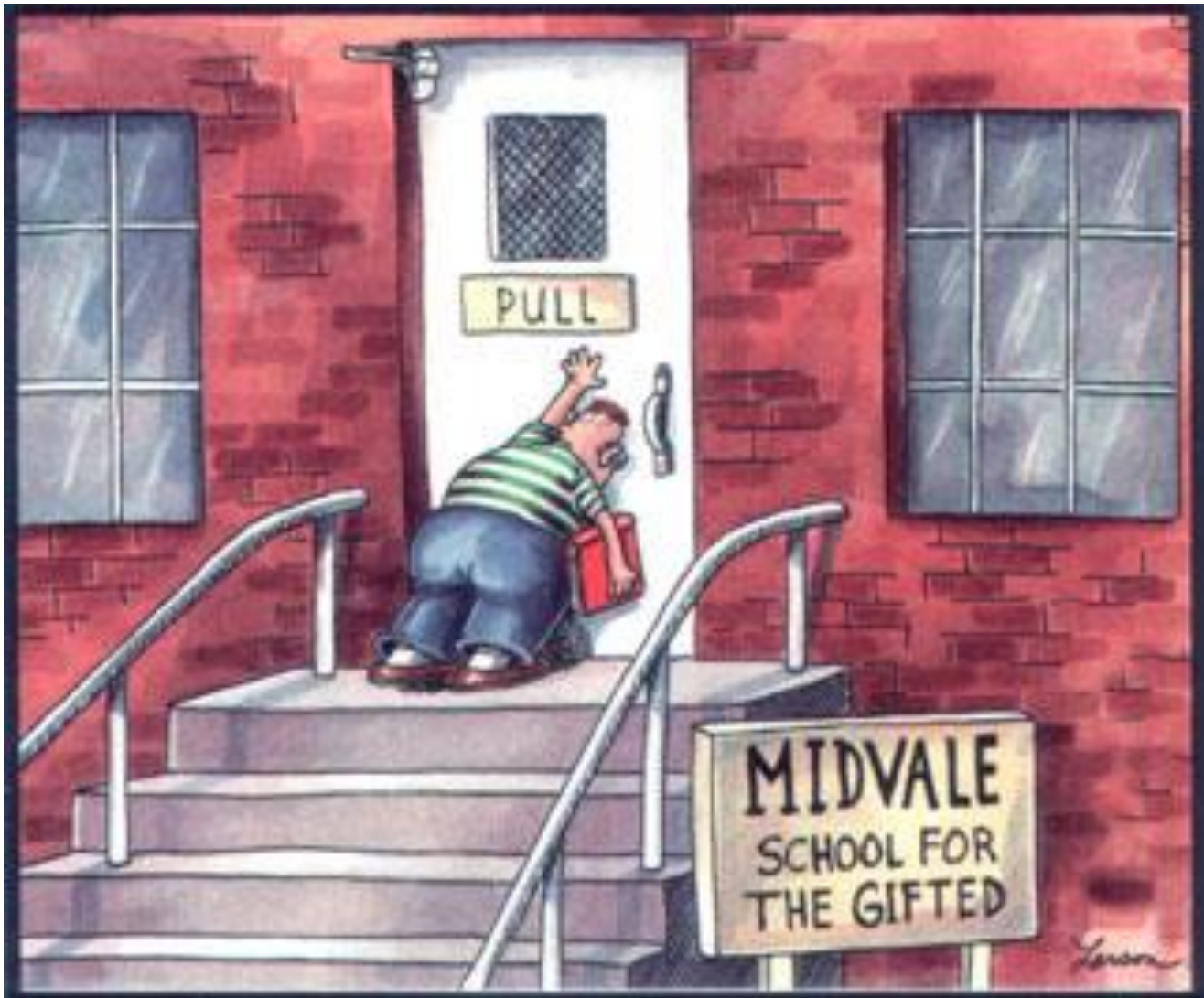
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# Objectives

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- **To obtain an appreciation and understanding of human behavior as it relates to critical jobs.**
- **To understand the basics of the Department of Energy's Human Reliability Program.**
- **To understand the importance of monitoring and deterrence.**
- **To understand the effects of "right-sized" reaction.**

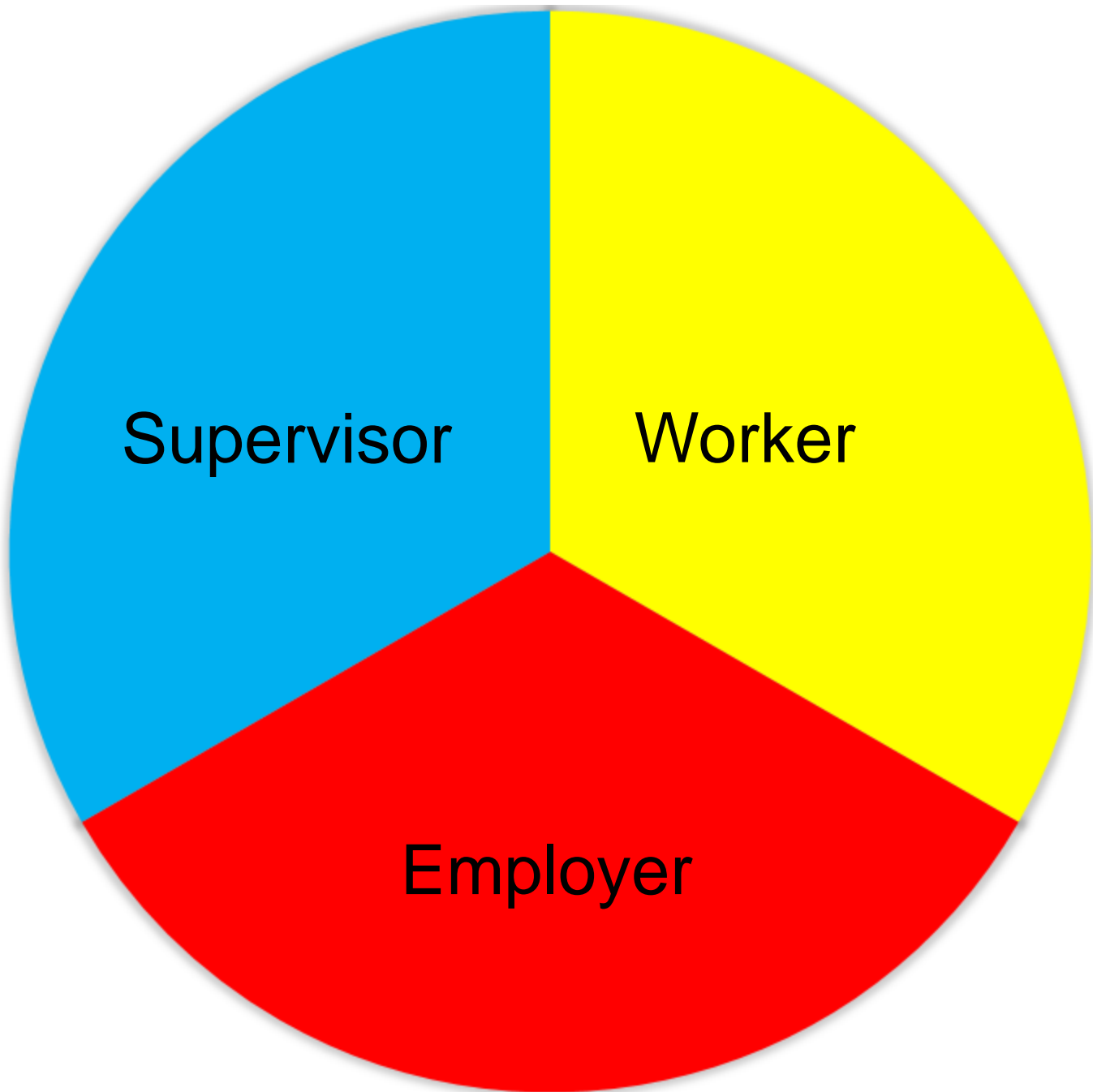




# What Is the Process?

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- **Evaluation and opinion**
  - Supervisor, coworkers, history, discipline
- **Medical evaluation**
  - Suitability, mental issues, medical issues
- **Compliance review**
  - Drug/alcohol testing, training, refresher
- **Security review**
  - Debt, criminal, aberrant behavior





# Relationship

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- **It is very tempting to dive into the process that looks for ways to identify workers who are not trustworthy.**
- **This can create an aura of suspicion.**
- **Much greater value is realized when you design, build and maintain a system for filtering for trustworthiness and reliability.**
- **This mandates all parties come to the table and be accountable.**
- **The worker, supervisor and employer must all be involved in the overall path toward building a trustworthy and realizable work environment.**
- **These relationships determine culture.**



# Unbiased Consistency

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- No Favorites
- No Goggles
- No Advantages
- Treat everyone the same

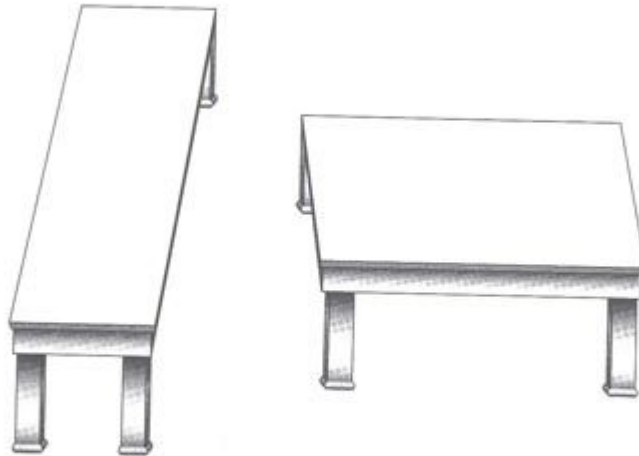




# Recognizing the bias

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Have a look, if you will, at these two tables:

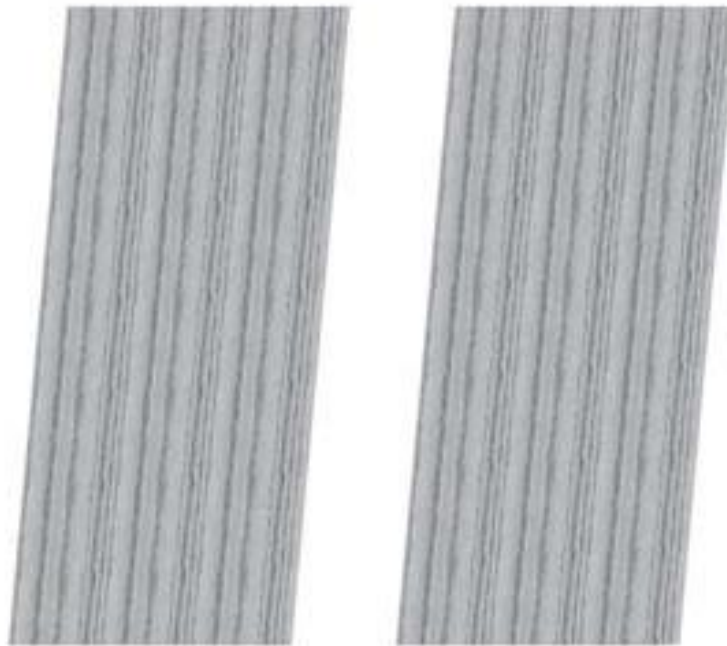


1.1.  
Two tables (Adapted from Shepard [1990])



# Removing the bias

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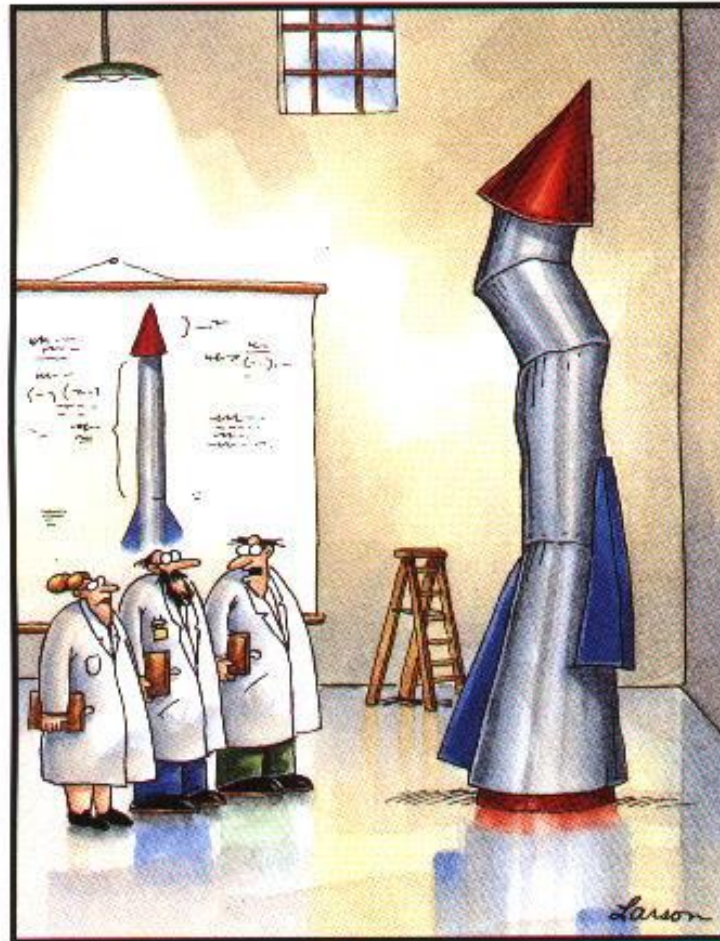
# Workers and Supervisors

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Employers depend on good relationships between workers and supervisors to accomplish the work. The ability to recognize issues and concerns in reliability programs requires information be evaluated by a neutral party, otherwise hidden bias may impact the end result and compromise the overall program.

# It is, what it is...



"It's time we face reality, my friends. ...  
We're not exactly rocket scientists."



# Malalignment

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- **Not every person is suited for every job.**
- **The task of selecting the right person for the right job is that of Human Resources.**
- **When an error in this tasking occurs, it becomes the responsibility of a reliability program to deal with the remnants.**



# Selection and Judgment

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- **Filtering is where tough decisions are made.**
- **Most humans do not enjoy passing judgment on others in a negative way.**
- **The system must be willing to identify those individuals who don't meet the standard (this is where many programs fail).**
- **It is very difficult to select and sort humans.**
- **Nature selects every day for survivability.**
- **It is inherent in most humans to want to help instead of judge or filter.**



# What Does the Worker Need To Do?

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- **Be agreeable to the process**
- **Be open**
- **Be willing to provide information required to assess reliability**
- **Be willing to disclose pertinent information related to self and others**
- **Be honest with yourself and others**
- **Be able to report aberrant behavior of others**

# Fairness

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- **A key element is the confidence participants will have when they believe the system is fair and realistic.**
- **A worker is more likely to report a concern when they know the partial information they supply will only be one part of a broader evaluation.**
- **Workers often confuse actions by exclusionary programs as being discipline.**
- **Workers will be more receptive to the process if they know they are being treated equal and fair.**







# What Does the Company Need To Do?

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- **It must have a system in place which evaluates reliability**
- **It must demand the process to evaluate reliability be fair and constantly scrutinized**
- **It must be willing to filter out workers who do not meet the criteria of reliability**
- **It must create an environment where trustworthiness is the standard for all workers**
- **It must be realistic about human behavior**



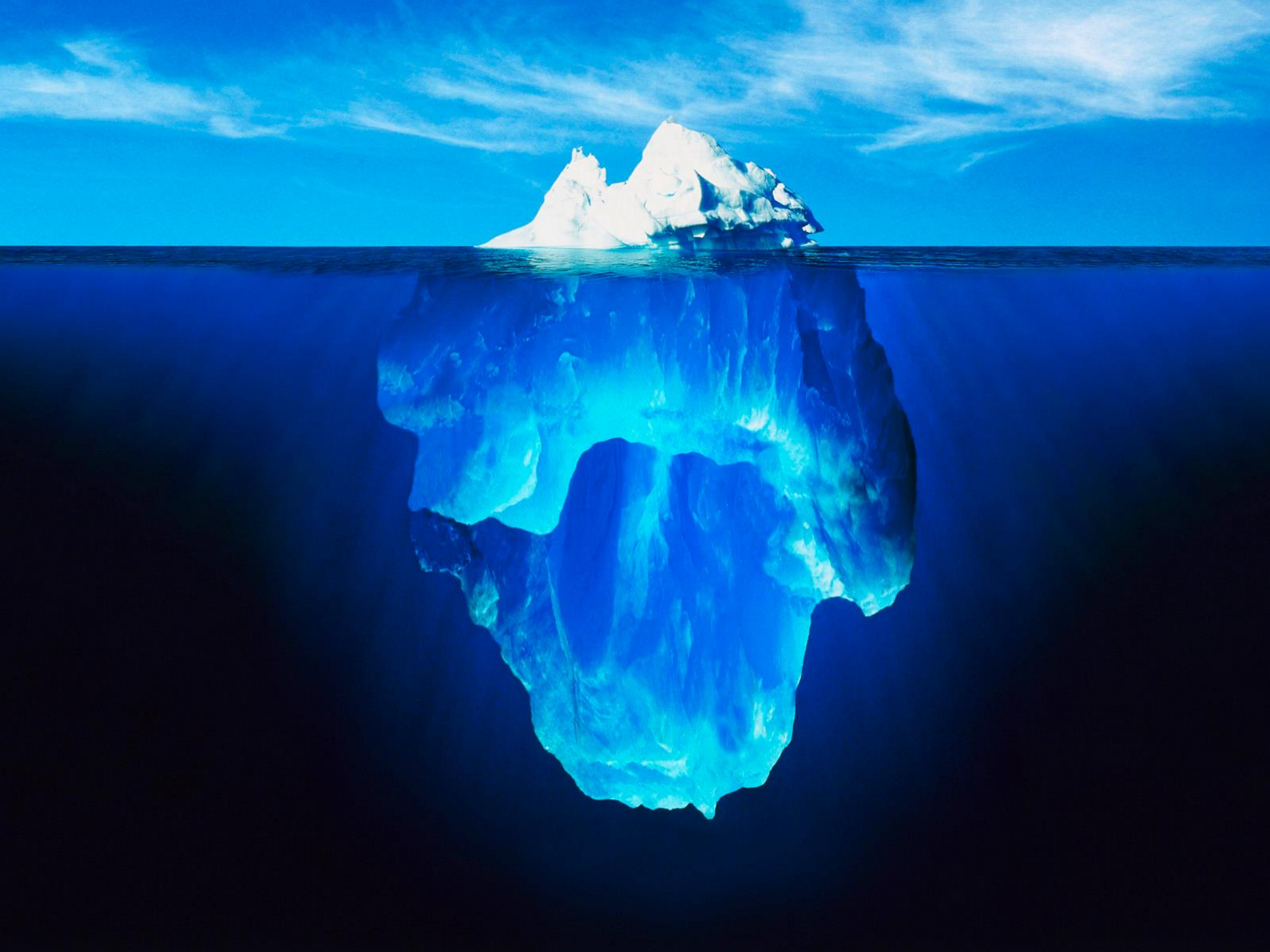
What are we doing?

Are we looking or are we preventing?



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*Thoughts become Acts;  
Acts develop into Habits;  
Habits define Character;  
Your Character shapes your Destiny.*

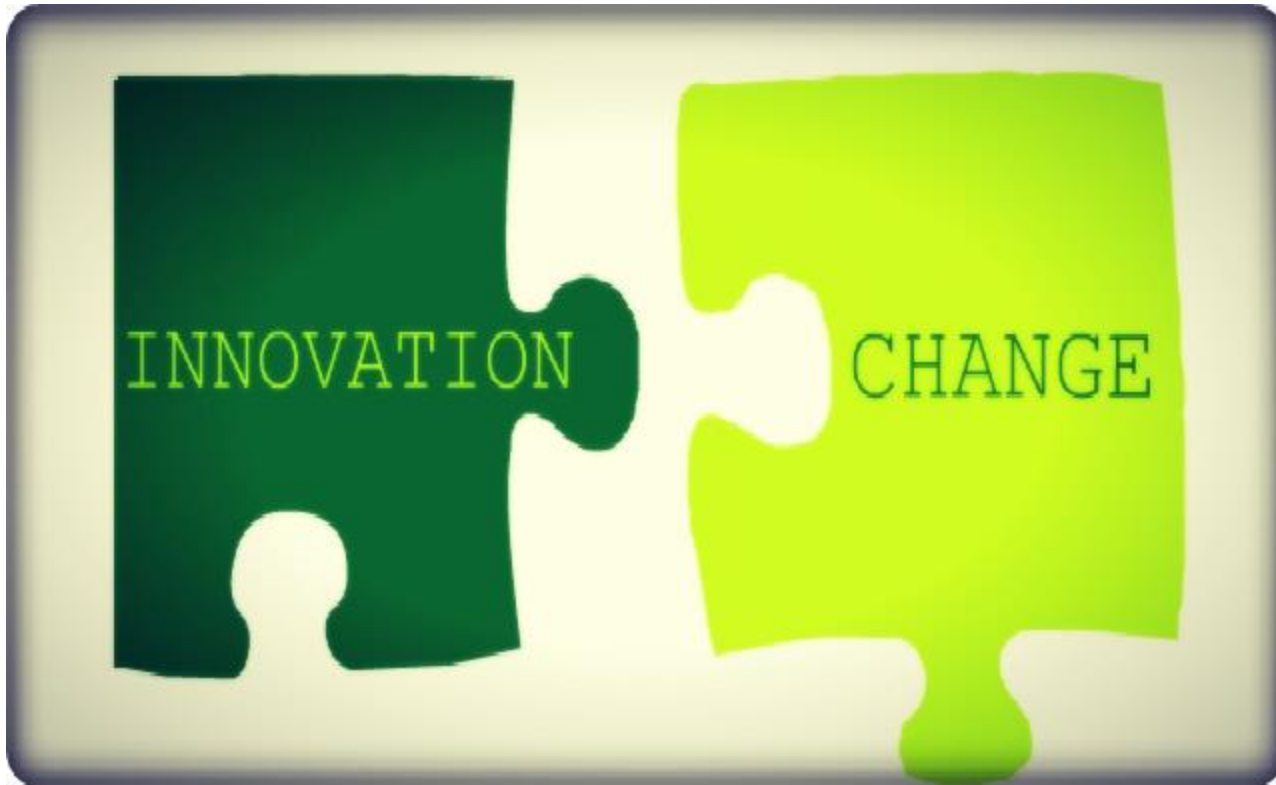




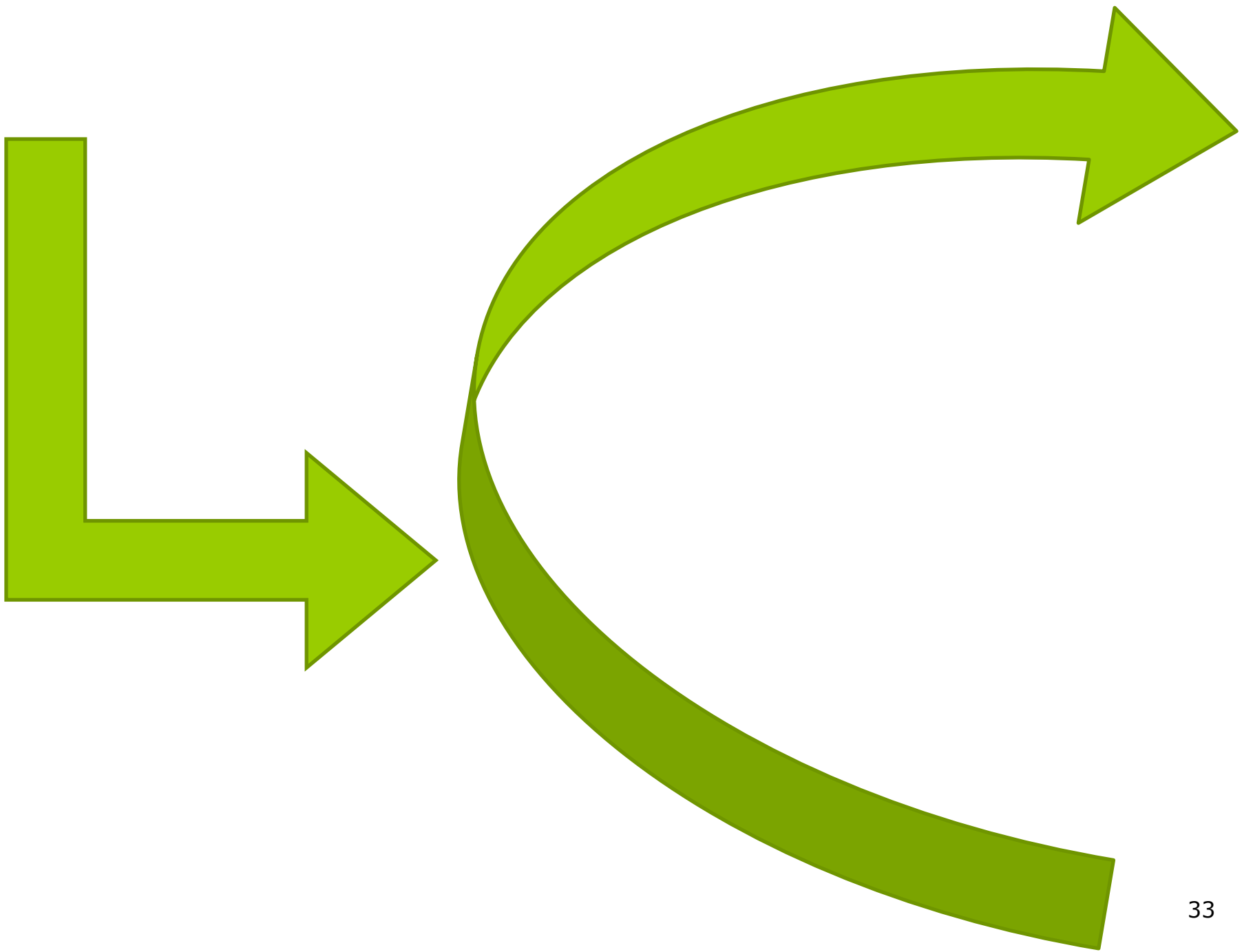
# Human Non-Perfection

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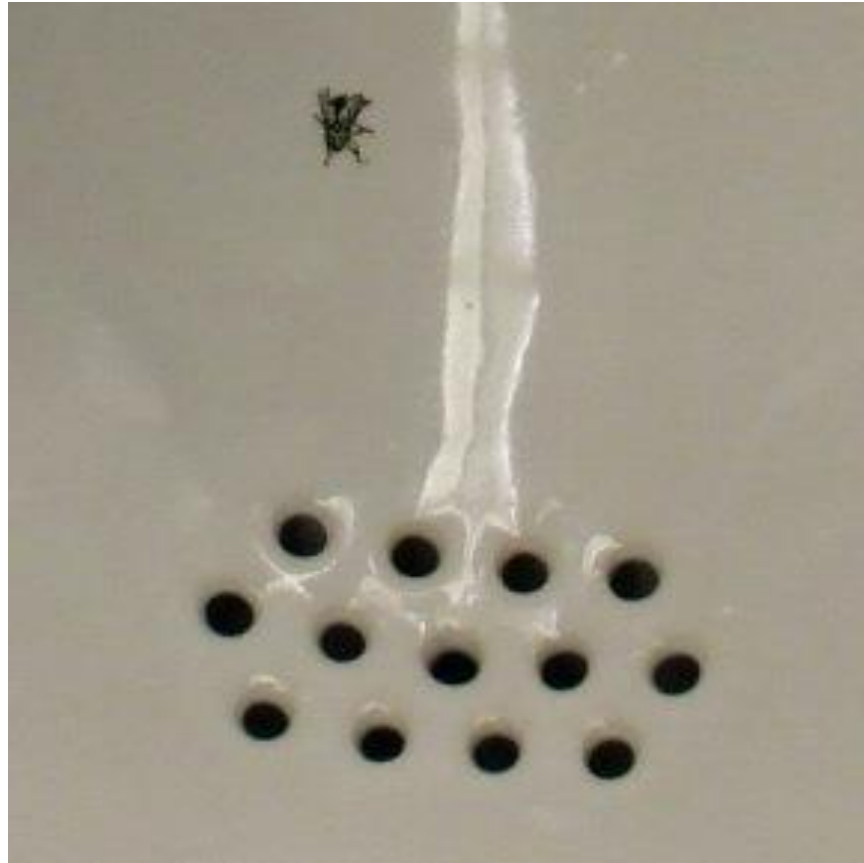
- **The program cannot have the expectation that every rule is going to fit every situation. If this were true, we could simply have robots conduct all of the HRP duties.**
- **We need living, breathing, thinking humans to make these critical decisions. These humans must be reliable and share certain attributes such as honesty, integrity and excellence in work ethic.**
- **A good program has the right tools to identify issues “under the surface” and make appropriate decisions about mitigating human non-perfection.**



*“In time of change, learners inherit the earth; while the learned find themselves beautifully equipped to deal with a world that no longer exist.”*



It doesn't take a lot to influence humans.  
A good system nudges workers in a  
positive direction.





# Trustworthiness

